The issue of PTPO-H's age has been litigated *ad nauseum* in this case. The Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals has rejected his claims related to this issue on at least two occasions, and has denied him leave to file any further motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255. [Doc. No. 403, Memorandum Decision filed November 12, 2008.] Petitioner is also precluded from raising his

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1	arguments by way of a petition for a writ of audita querela, because the writ is not a proper vehicle
2	to raise challenges to a conviction or sentence even where, as here, defendant is precluded from
3	filing a second or successive motion under § 2255. <u>United States v. Valdez-Pacheco</u> , 237 F.3d
4	1077, 1079-80 (9 th Cir. 2001). Rule 36 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure is not
5	applicable here, where defendant asks the Court to reassess the merits of its prior decisions.
6	United States v. Jones, 608 F.2d 386, 389 (9th Cir. 1979) (Rule 36 is intended only to allow
7	correction of clerical errors). Finally, the Court declines to modify or terminate defendant's
8	conditions of supervised under 18 U.S.C. §§ 3563(c) or 3583(e)(1) based upon this purported new
9	evidence. Defendant's motion is DENIED.
10	IT IS SO ORDERED.
11	DATED: April 19, 2010
12	IRMA F. CONZALEZ Objet Ludge
13	United States District Court
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